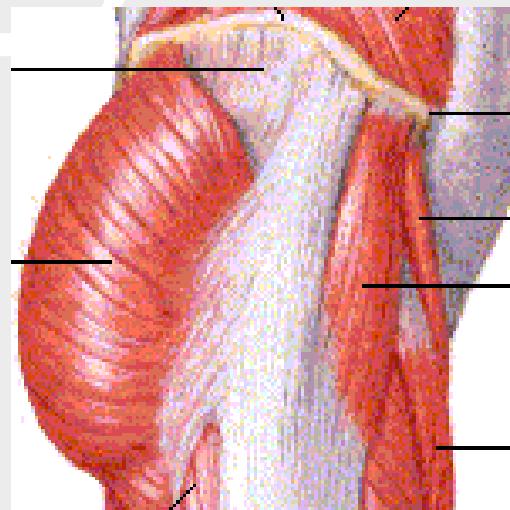


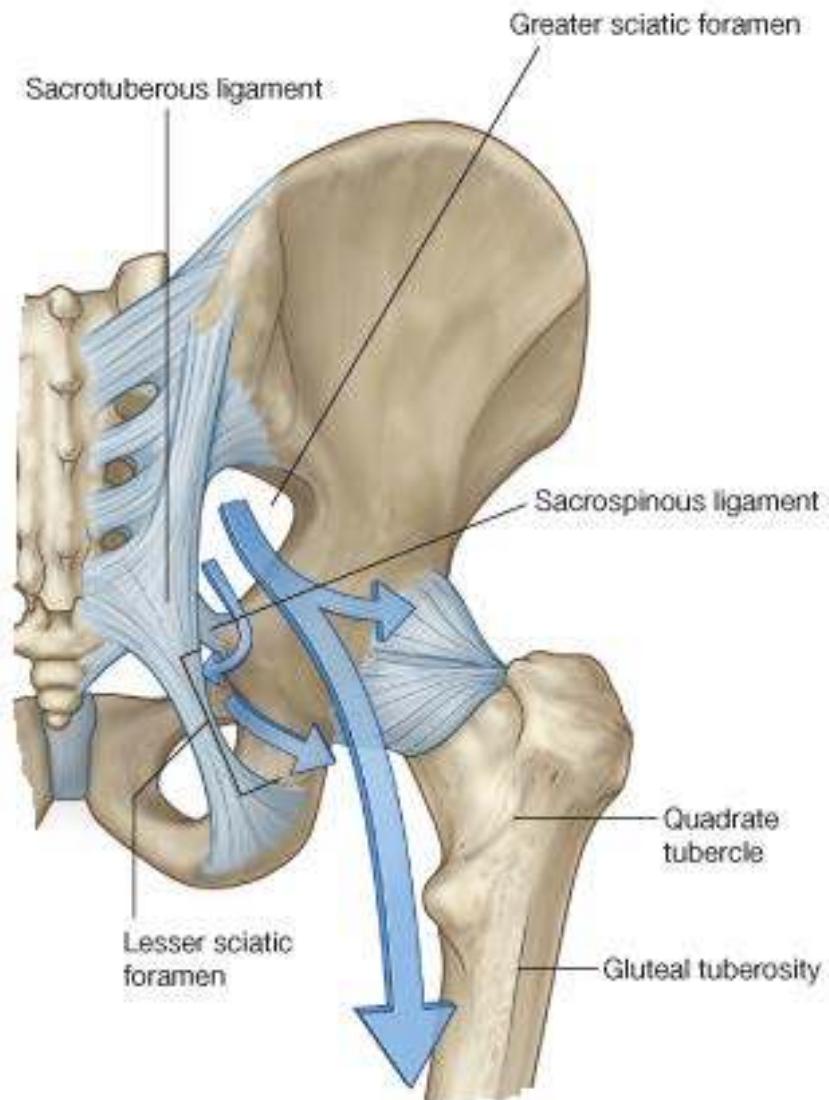
# The Gluteal Region

Prof. Oluwadiya  
Kehinde  
[www.oluwadiya.com](http://www.oluwadiya.com)



# Gluteal Region: Introduction

- Posterolateral to the bony pelvis
- Muscles abduct, extend and rotate the hip externally & internally
- Communicates with the pelvic cavity and perineum through the greater and lesser sciatic foramina respectively
- Continues with the posterior thigh



# The muscles

## Deep Layer ( 5 short muscles)

- i. Piriformis
- ii. Superior Gemellus
- iii. Obturatus Internus
- iv. Inferior Gemellus
- v. Quadratus Femoris

- All insert into or near the trochanteric fossa

## Superficial Group (4 larger muscles).

- i. Gluteal Minimus
- ii. Gluteal Medius
- iii. Gluteal Maximus
- iv. Tensor fascia lata

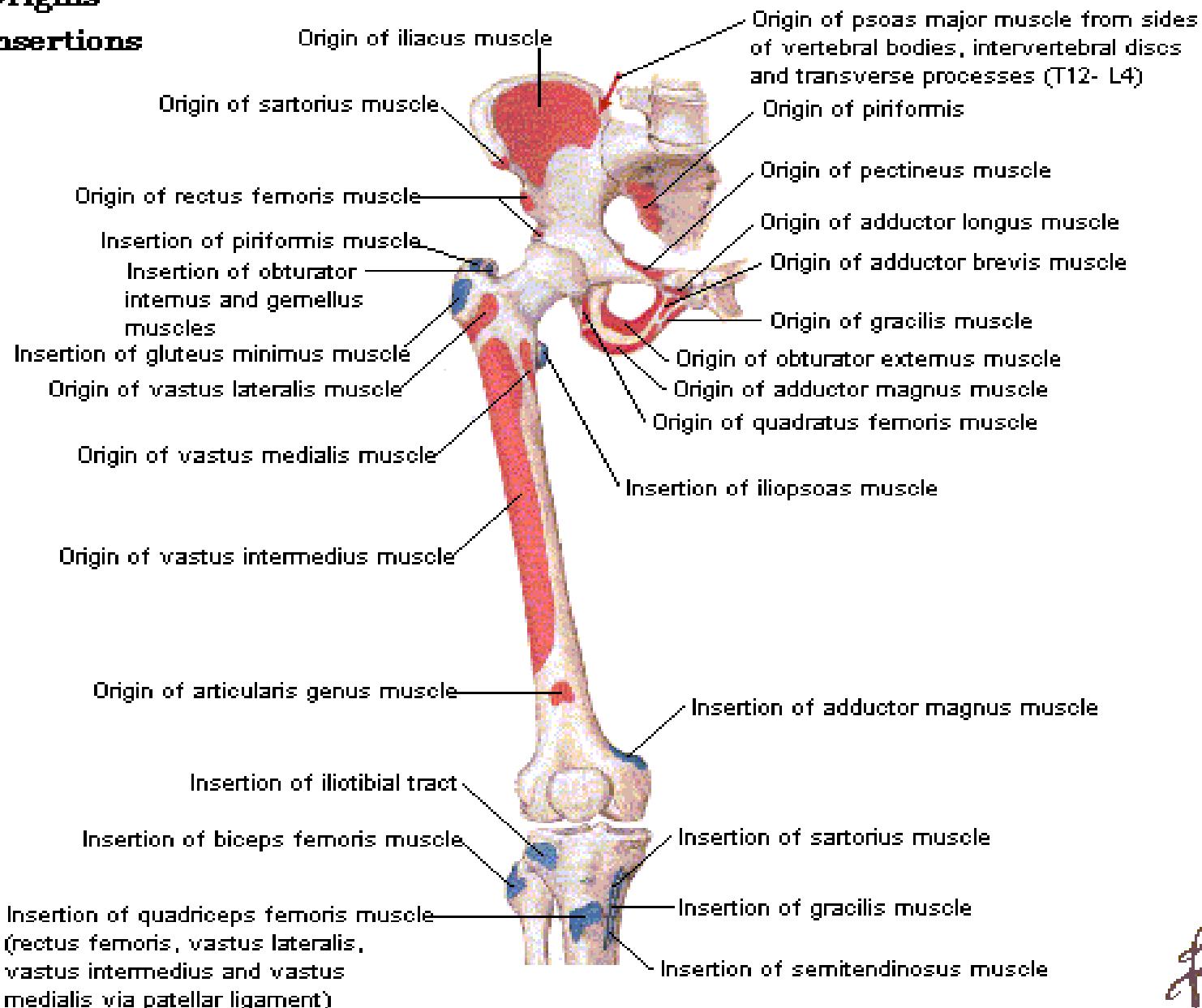
- They all originate from the gluteal surface of the iliac wing and insert on or near the greater trochanter

# Origins/Insertions

## Anterior View

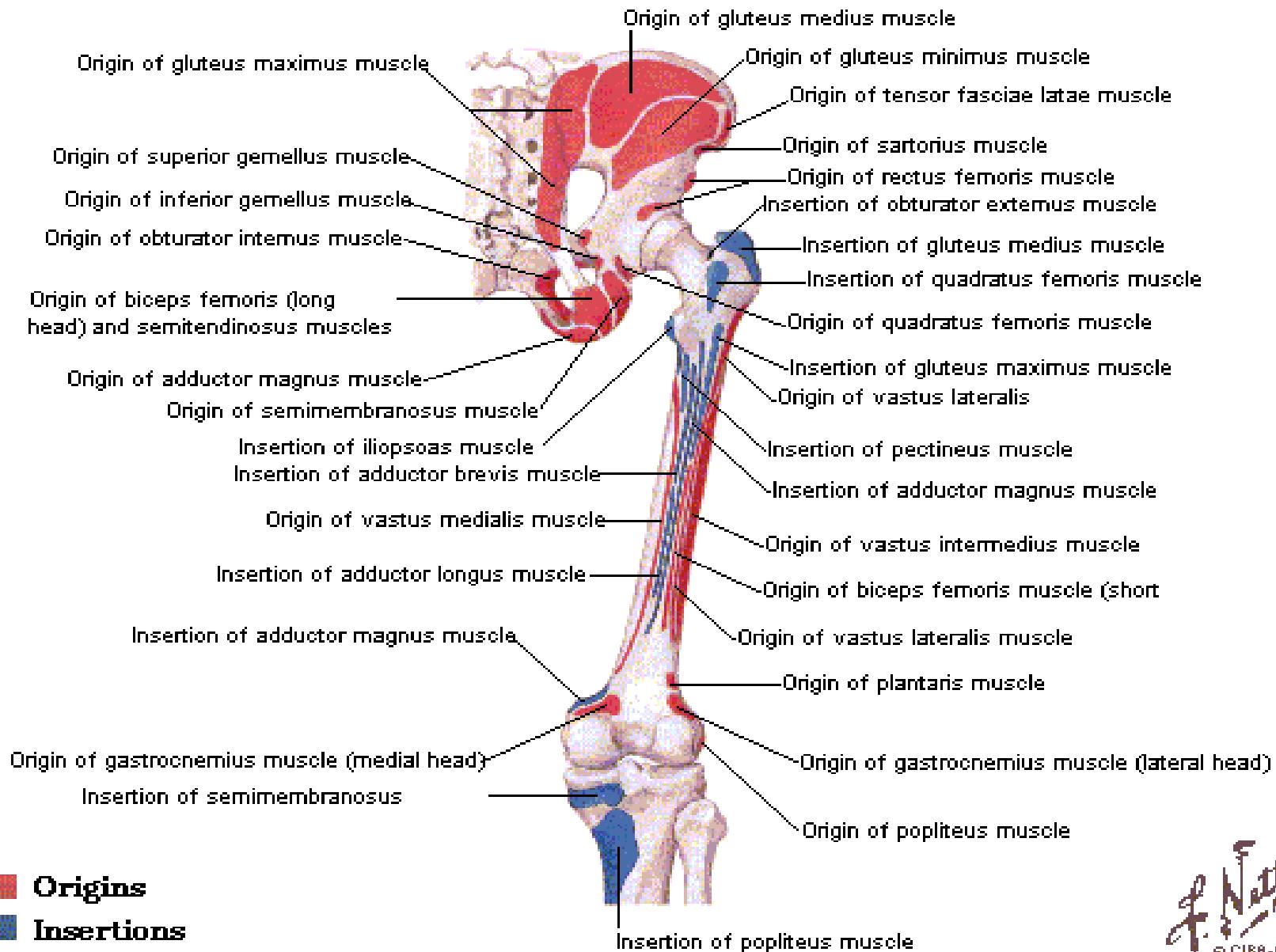
 Origins

 Insertions



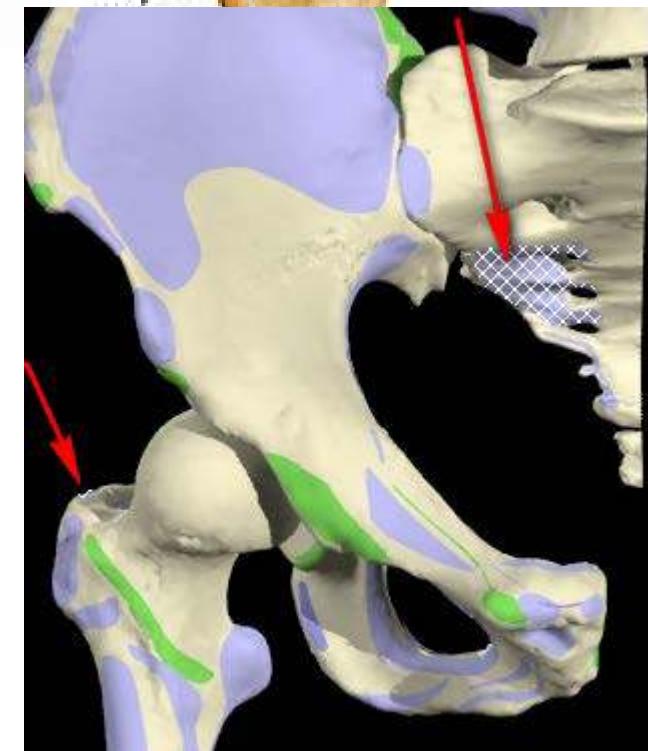
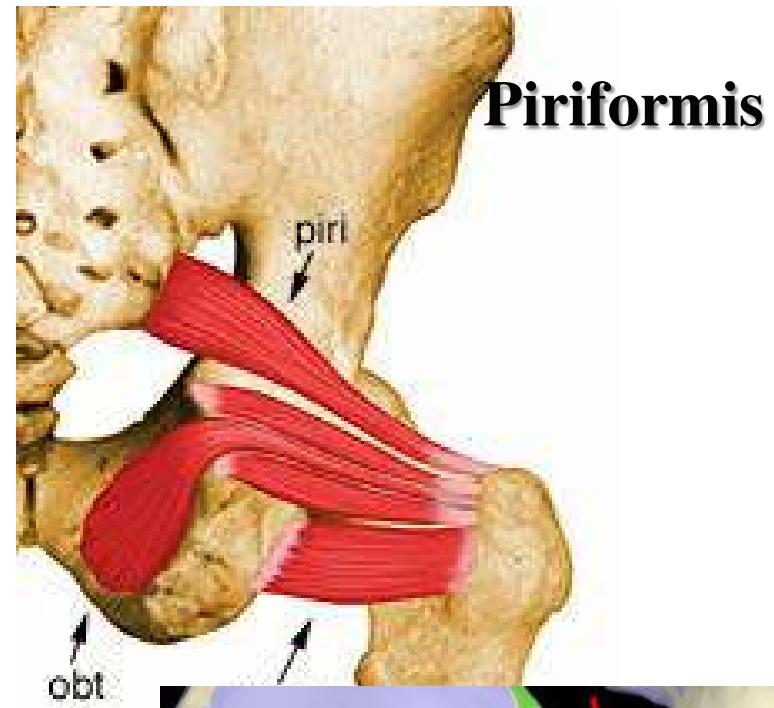
# Origins/Insertions

## Posterior View



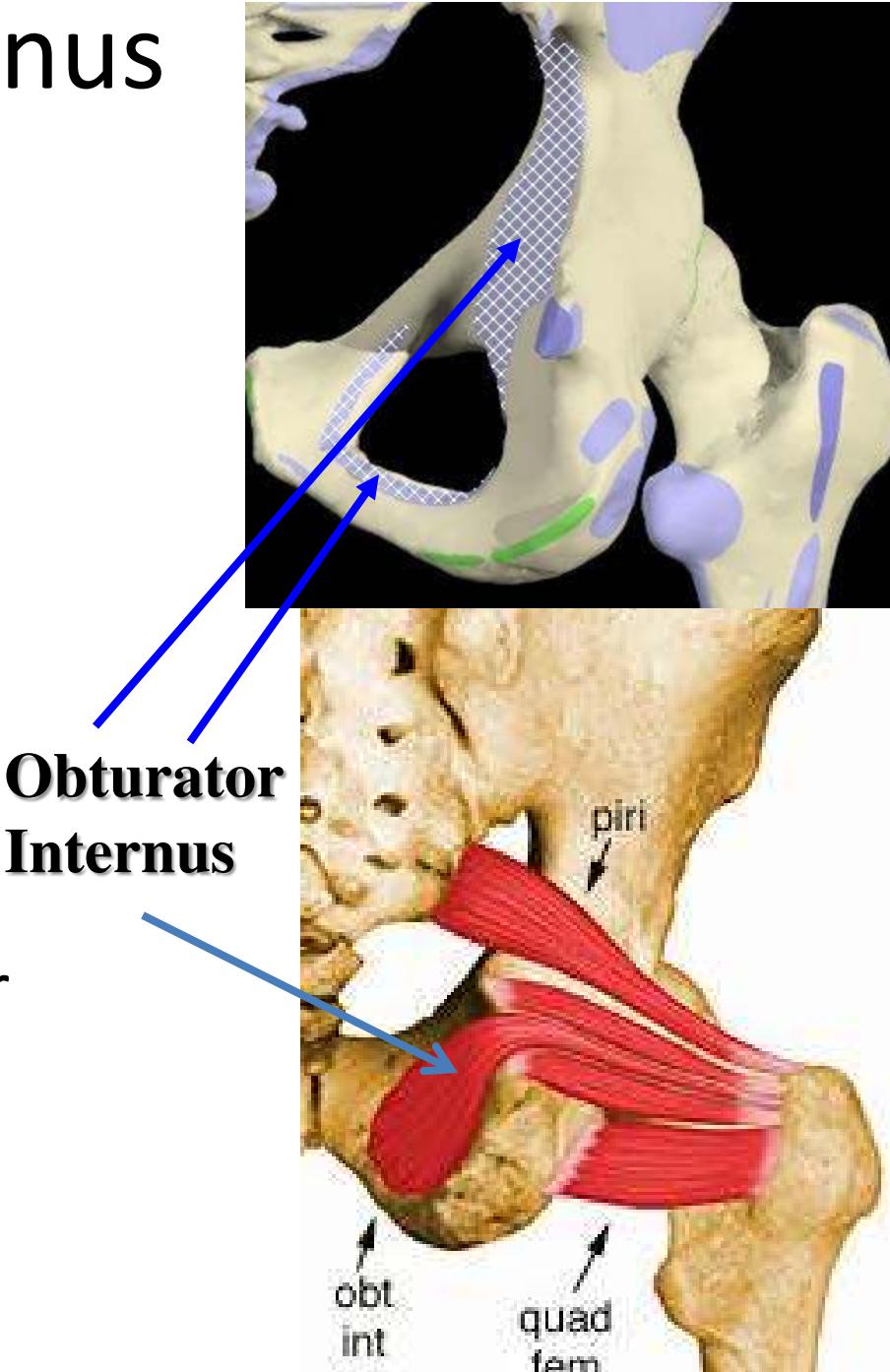
# Piriformis

- **O:** Pelvic surface of 2<sup>nd</sup> to 4<sup>th</sup> sacral segment lateral to the pelvic sacral foramina
- **I:** Medial side of greater trochanter of femur
- **A:** Laterally rotates the extended femur at hip joint; abducts flexed femur at hip joint
- **N:** Nerve to obturator internus



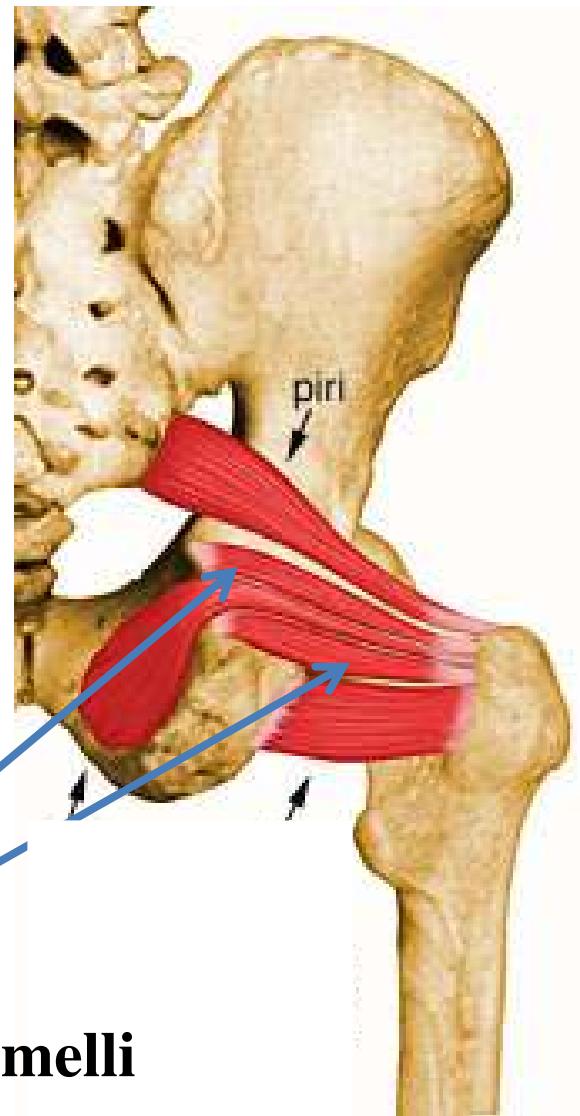
# Obturator internus

- **O:** Inner surface of the obturator membrane and the bone surrounding the obturator foramen
- **I:** Medial side of greater trochanter above the trochanteric fossa
- **A:** Laterally rotates the extended femur at hip joint; abducts flexed femur at hip joint
- **N:** Nerve to the obturator internus



# Gemellus superior

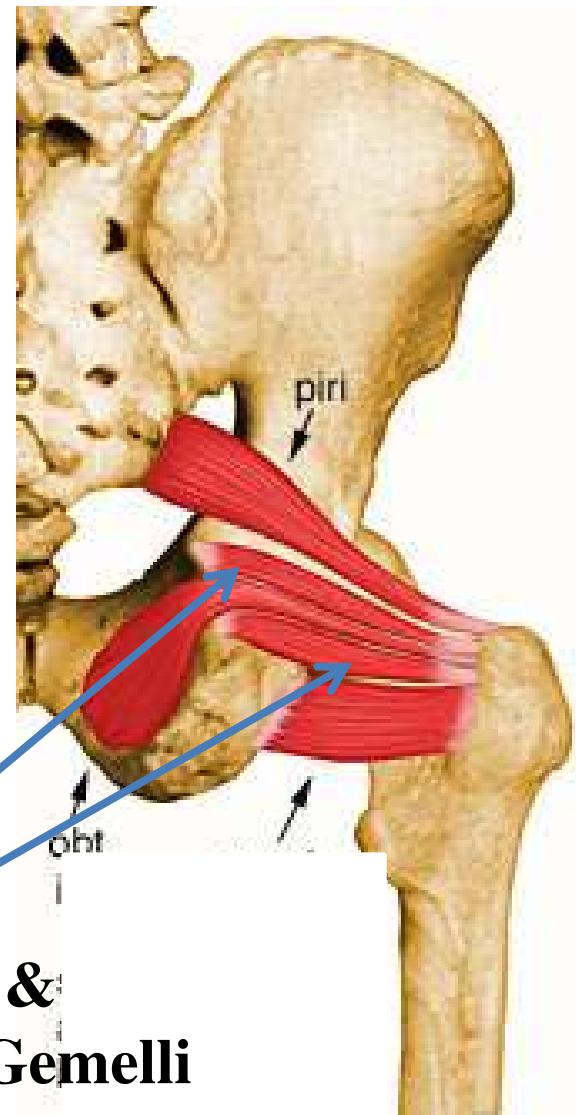
- **O:** Superior margin of lesser sciatic notch superior to obturator internus tendon
- **I:** medial side of greater trochanter of femur with obturator internus tendon
- **A:** Laterally rotates the extended femur at hip joint; abducts flexed femur at hip joint
- **N:** Nerve to obturator internus



**Superior &  
Inferior Gemelli**

# Gemellus Inferior

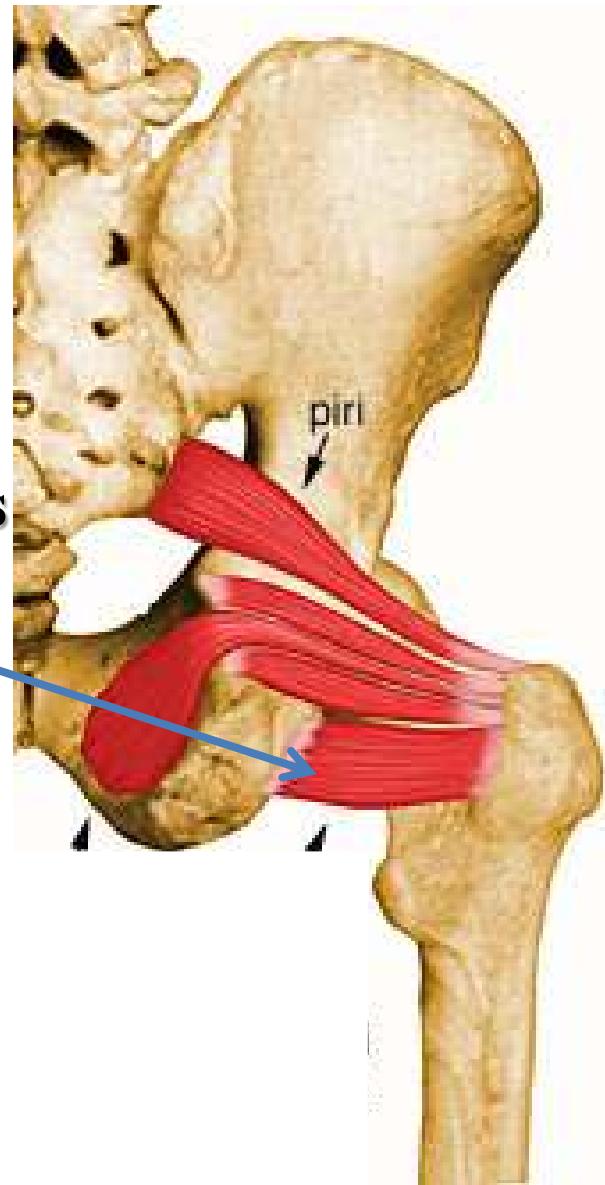
- **O:** Inferior margin of lesser sciatic notch inferior to obturator internus tendon
- **I:** medial side of greater trochanter of femur with obturator internus tendon
- **A:** Laterally rotates the extended femur at hip joint; abducts flexed femur at hip joint
- **N:** Nerve to quadratus femoris (L5,S1)



# Quadratus femoris

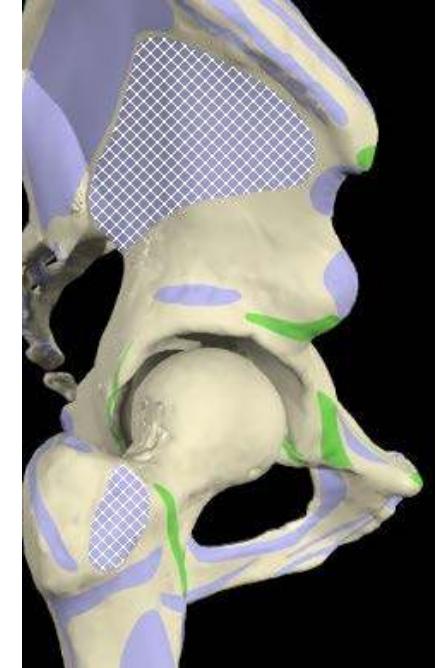
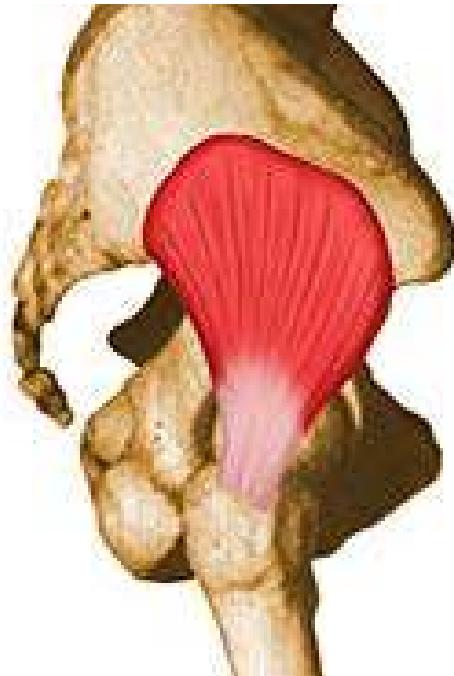
- **O:** Lateral aspect of the ischium just anterior to the ischial tuberosity
- **I:** Quadrate tubercle and intertrochanteric crest
- **A:** Laterally rotates the extended femur at hip joint; abducts flexed femur at hip joint
- **N:** Nerve to quadratus femoris

**Quadratus  
femoris**



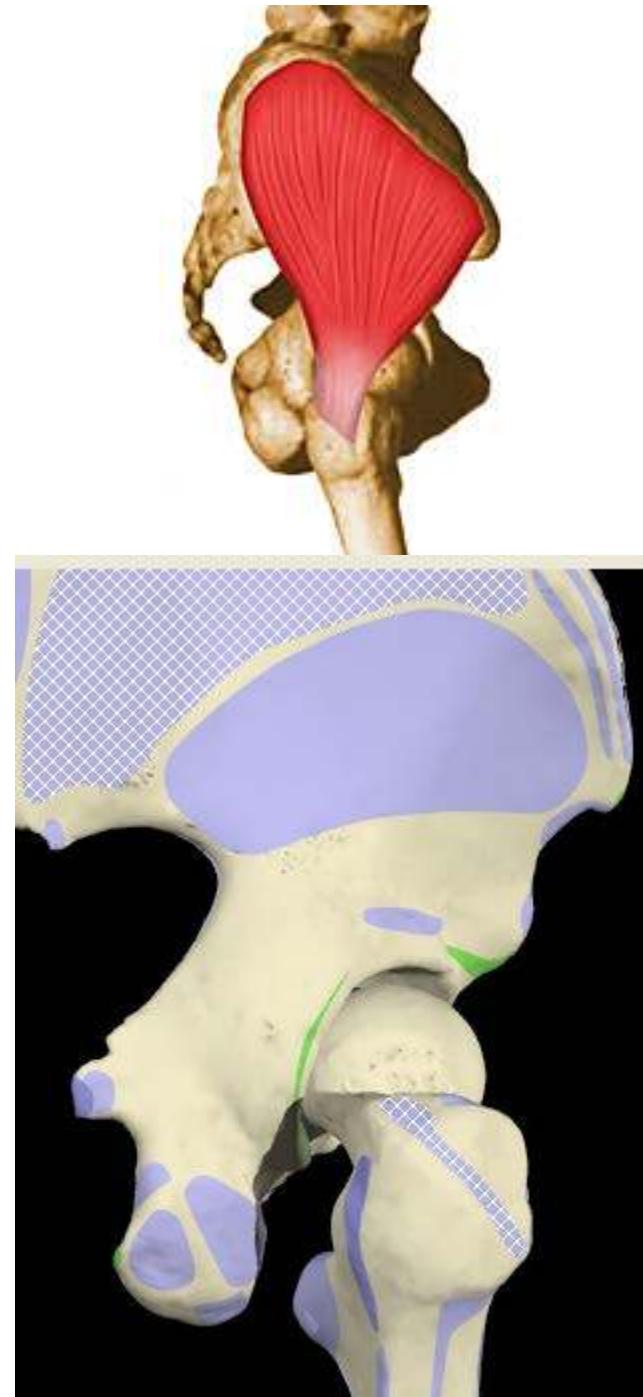
# Gluteus minimus

- **O:** External surface of ilium between inferior and anterior gluteal lines
- **I:** Linear facet on the antero-lateral aspect of the greater trochanter
- **A:** 1. Abducts femur at hip joint.  
2. holds pelvis secure over stance leg and prevents pelvic drop on the opposite swing side during walking. 3. medially rotates thigh
- **N:** Superior gluteal nerve



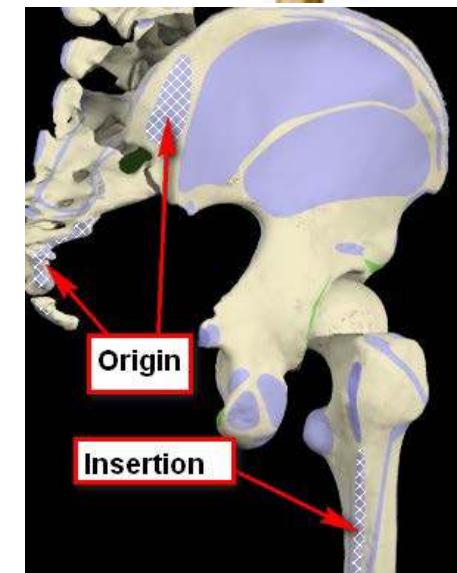
# Gluteus medius

- **O:** External surface of ilium between anterior and posterior gluteal lines
- **I:** facet on the lateral surface of the greater trochanter
- **A:** 1. Abducts femur at hip joint.  
2. holds pelvis secure over stance leg and prevents pelvic drop on the opposite swing side during walking. 3. medially rotates thigh
- **N:** Superior gluteal nerve



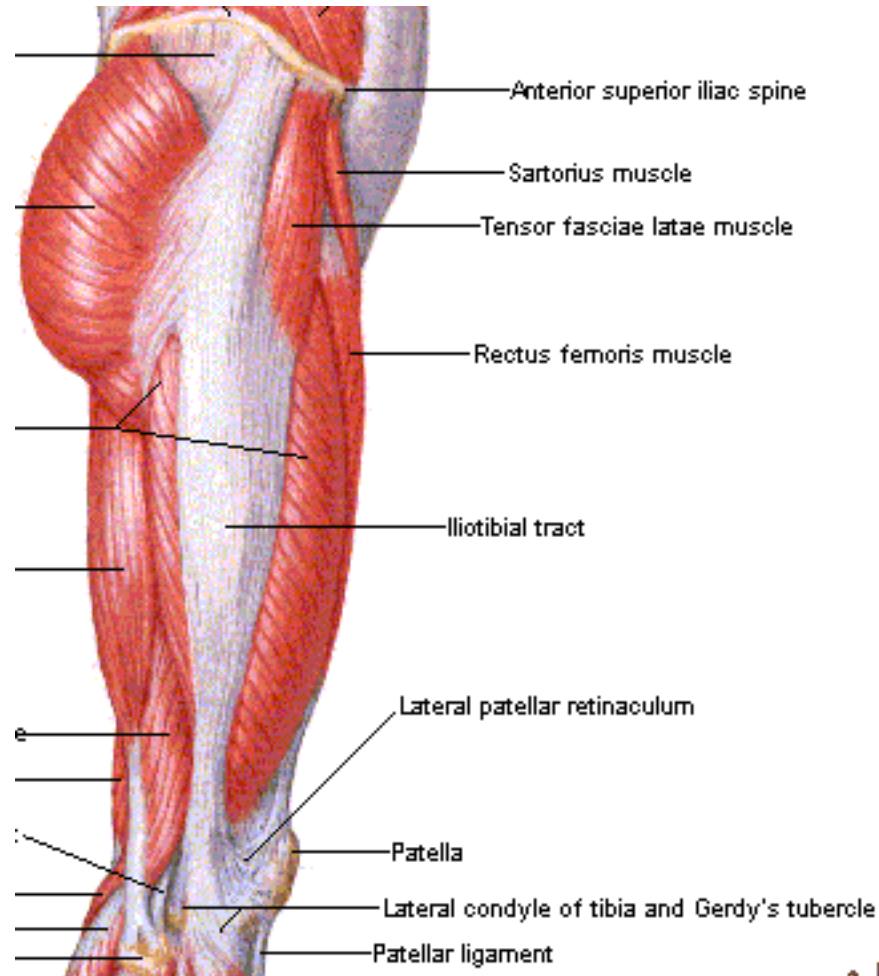
# Gluteus maximus

- **O:** Fascia covering gluteus medius, external surface of ilium behind posterior gluteal line, fascia of erector spinae, dorsal surface of lower sacrum, lateral margin of coccyx, external surface of sacrotuberous ligament
- **I:** Gluteal tuberosity of the femur and the iliotibial tract
- **A:** Powerful extensor of flexed femur at hip joint; lateral stabilizer of hip joint and knee joint; laterally rotates and abducts thigh
- **N:** Inferior gluteal nerve



# Tensor fasciae latae

- **O:** Lateral aspect of crest of ilium between anterior superior iliac spine and tubercle of the crest
- **I:** Iliotibial tract of fascia lata
- **A:** Stabilizes the knee in extension. Abducts the hip
- **N:** Superior gluteal nerve



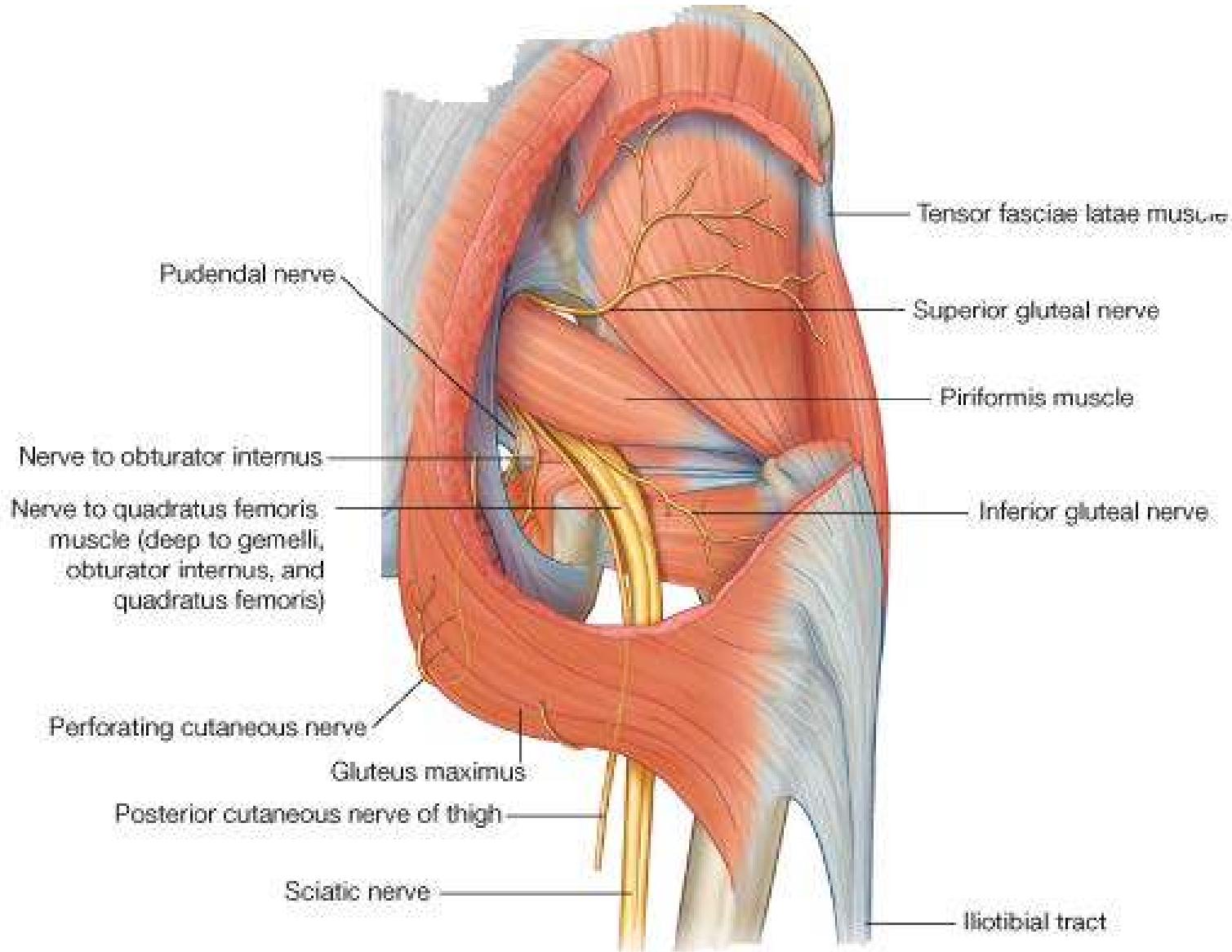
# The Nerves

***Seven nerves enter the gluteal region from the pelvis through the greater sciatic foramen***

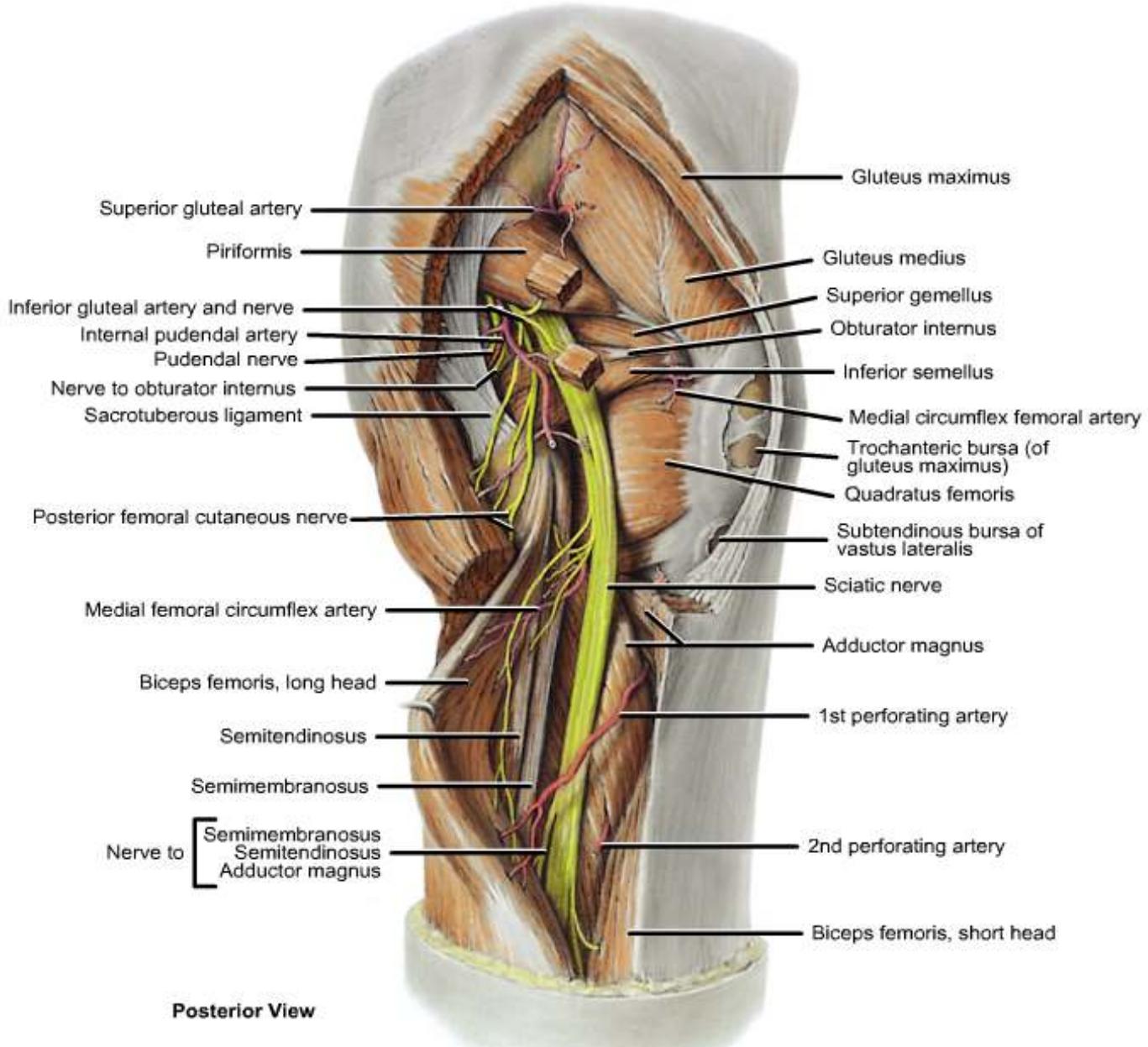
- I. The superior gluteal nerve
- II. Sciatic nerve
- III. Nerve to the quadratus femoris
- IV. Nerve to the obturator internus
- V. Posterior cutaneous nerve of the thigh
- VI. Pudendal nerve
- VII. Inferior gluteal nerve.

Finally, the perforating cutaneous nerve pierces the sacrotuberous ligament

# The Nerves

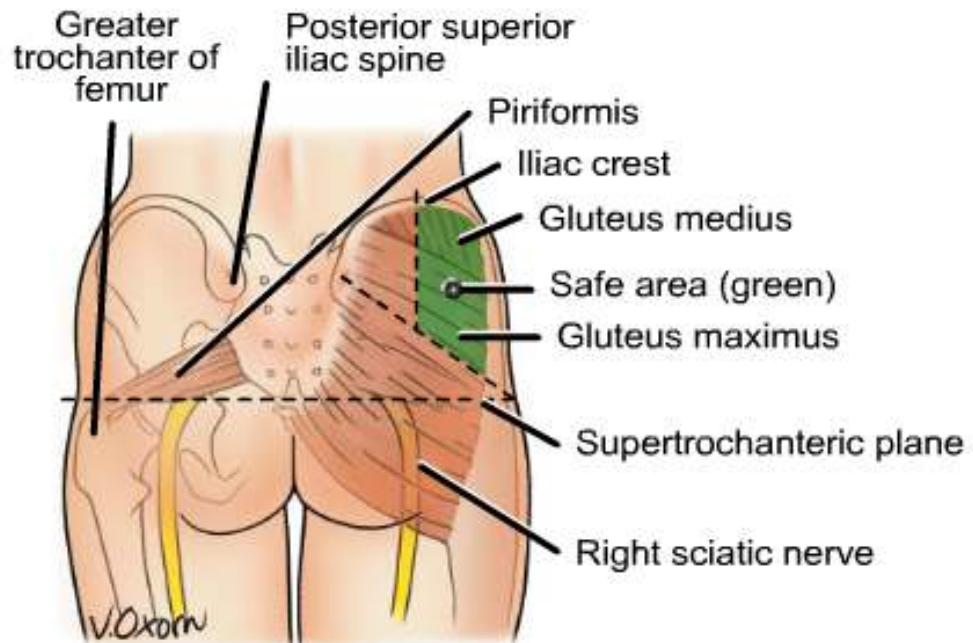


# The Nerves



# Safe Injection Area (Green)

- Divide the buttock into four
- The upper, lateral quadrant is the safest area to give injections
- You are more likely to injure the sciatic nerve in other areas

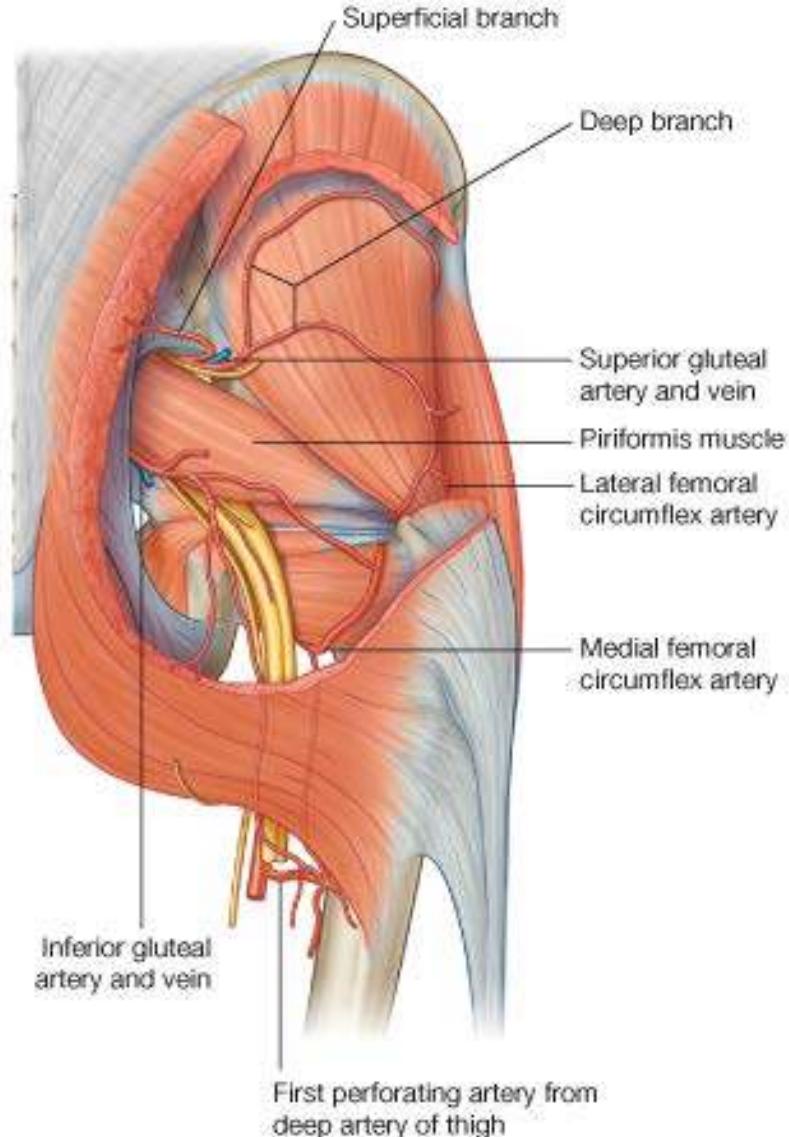


Posterior View, Intragluteal Injection

# The Arteries

## Two arteries:

- I. The inferior gluteal artery
- II. Superior gluteal artery
- III. Enters the gluteal region from the pelvic cavity through the greater sciatic foramen
- IV. Supplies the gluteal region and part of the posterior thigh



Please join the forum at [www.oluwadiya.com](http://www.oluwadiya.com) to ask questions

**THE END**